OR come out I has my people

An Answer to the questions of a Genelevvoman (a professour in the Antichristian Church of England) about Hearing the Publicke Ministers: where it is largely discussed and proved to be sinfull and unlayufull:

ALSO

A lust Apologie for the way of Totall Separation (Commonly but false, called Brownisme) That it is the truth of God, though . lightly exceemed in the eyes of the blinde world.

With

A Challenge to Dispute with them publickly before King & Counsell: to prove whatsoever I said at the Pillery against them. Viz. That the Calling of them all is Jure Diabolo: Even from the Divell himselfe.

By mee JOHN LILBURNE.
Close Prisoner in the Fleete for the Cause of Christ.

IOHN 10. Ver. 27. 5.

My Sheepe heare my voyce. For they know not the voyce of strangers.

Printed in the yeare of hope, of ENGLANDS purgation, & the Prelates dissolution.
ANNO 1639.

The Publisher to the Reader.

COVRTEOVS READER:

IT pleaseth the Lord in this latter age of the world to give vs fundry belpes, whereby the man of sinne, (with all that bloodie Ciew) is more and more discovered: and Gods elect lead (as it were) by the hand out of Babylon.

If any therefore (shutting their eyes against the light) remaine notwithstanding under the youke of Antichrist: they must make account

to feele for it, the forer and heavier wrath of God.

Touching this Treatise what it is, I shall leave it to thy triall and sensure, and as thou sindest profitt by the reading thereof, so blesse God for it, and be ready to communicate the good which thou receivest, vnto the profits of others. Farewell and pray for mee.

Who is thy truely loving friend and Countrie-man.



Alwayes give prayse to God, and let him have the glory of all.

Ind and Loving Christian Freind; J kindly salute you in our Lord and Saviour lesses Christ, Beteching him, that his enlightning spirit, the Spirit of Truth, may both now and ever be with you, and remaine with you, and all those that desire to serve and worship God, in all his commandements, according to his revealed will, & not according to mens precepts and devices, which is odious and atominable to him; Math. 15.9 Col. 2. Gal. 4.9. 10. Elay. 66. 3.

But now to give an answer to that which you defire, I say, and that in the words of truth, that the thing, as it is to me expressed, is very false, and therefore I have wrong done me by them that doe report it; and I would defire you to know of my respected Freind the party

that told you who they are that did report it.

It seemes they say, that I have said, that I would as soone heare the devill, as Doctor Stoughton, or M: Walker, which thing is very false, for I never said it, nor medled with any particular persons; But yet thus much I have said, and still doe affirme and maintaine, and will at all times be ready to make it good, and seale it with my blood: That the Prelates all of them are Limbs of the Beast, spoken of Rev. 13 2. and also, that all those Officers and Ministers, that are made by them, are all of them Antichristian; the best as well as the worst; And we have as good warrant to heare or give eare to the worst, as well as the best; For I proved in my speech, that the best of the Ministers calling is as bad as the vvorst of them; for they are all sent by the Prelates, Christs professed and knowne enemies, and they doe preach by vertue of their instituting of them, into the Office of Preisthood, unto whose power they submit and take an Oath of Canonical odedience; And this

this doe the best among them, (as well as the worst) that take upon them a Parochiall charage, for they are not sent from Christ, to preach the Gospell, or by vertue of his power, which he hath lest in the bodies of his particular (not Nationall) Churches, to choose or ordaine Officers to preach the Word; Butby vertue of Antichrists power and authority, from whom they have as really their calling and power given them to preach, as those Officers that were ordained and instituted in the New Testament to preach Christs Gospell, had their power from him; and this ere long you shall see fully proved, though

I be never hereafter able to let pen to paper.

Some thing concerning this I faid in my speech, as in it you may reade, but it was but a little for the maine thing and trength of my Argument, was behinde, which I could not make knowne, by reason of the Gagg; But I looke and expect to come there againe, or to a worse place; and by the strength and might of my God; I will, come life, come death; speake my minde freely and couragionsly; for I am studying to fitt my felfe for it, and I doubt not but by the might of the Lord of Hofts, who is my strength and refuge, to reade them such a Lecture, that shall make the Beast roare, and blaspheme the God of Heaven for madneffe, though I be hewen in peeces when I have done; For I feare neither the Devill, nor his Agents the Prelates, in this cause of my God, and the Lord hath sheltred me under the sha idow of his wings, Pfal 91. under whose protection I am secure and fate from all danger and harme, for though it feaze upon me, yet shall it not overcome me, therefore will I not feare what man can doe unto me, for God is my falvation, I will trust, and not be affravde, for the Lord lebouab is become my falvation, Efay. 12.2. Exed. 15 2.

I have in part, in a briefe way, fince I was whipped, declared my minde and judgement to some freinds, because I did seare false reports, and I am alwayes ready, according to the command of the Holy Ghost, to give an answer to every man that shall aske me a reason of the hope that is in me, with meckenesse & feare, I Per 3 15.

And I now defire to impart a little of my minde unto you, but for my owne part I will persuade no man to believe me, nor no man what soever, but only to believe less Christ, speaking in the Scripture, at being the intire and absolute rule of Faith, and that unerring touchestone, that is able to try gold from drosse, neither would I have any to take upon them the profession of that way, the truth of which I amstuly convinced off; and am able to any man breathing for my judgement to give a reason, and grounded answer; But for others my advice is to them, as one wishing well to the soules of all my Fellow Breather and Sisters, Fellow heires of the same Kingdome with me that they would not take up things lightly and slightly, but labour to gett inward principles in their owne soules.

And to getta ground and bottome for their owne spirits, for these things they professe and hold, that so they may not build upon the sand, but upon the unmoveable Rock, the Lord lesus Christ, that shall never be Inaken, that so they may, though all the power of darknesse set themselves against them, yet that they may cleave close to God, &t our Saviour Christ, and the purity of his Gospell, for we must looke for fanning and sisting, and for the stery tryall; therefore let us sit downe and reckon, what it will cost us, and if we be not willing to lose all for his sake, yea and to hate all even Father and Mother, riches & life, &c. if they stand in our way to keep us from him, we are not worthy of him. Mash. 10.37. and 16.24. Mark 8 34. Luke 9.22.24. and

24. 26. 27.

And for my owne part, the Lord himselfe hath so firmly by his owne enlightening Spirit to fully convinced me, and fetled my foule to unmoveably in his truth, that I assuredly know, that all the power in Barth, yea and the gates of Hell it felte shall never be able to move me or prevaile against me, for the Lord who is the worker of all my workes in me and for me, bath founded and built me upon that fure & anmoveable toundation the Lord lesus Christ, and I know if ten thouland deaths for my conscience and the cause of my God, (for which with courage and rejoycing I now beare witnesse to, and am close prisoner in bonds, lying day and night in Ferters of Iron, both hands & legges) should be inflicted upon me, I should fing, rejoyce & triumph in them all; For my God makes me glory in my tribulation, and my loule is filled so full of that sweetnesse and joy, that it findes in my God alone that my tongue and penne is never able to the full to expresse & utter it, (to his praise I delire to speake it,) and I doe beleeve, that it is not possible for any man in any condition what loever (whose neck in the best doth stoope to the yoake of Antichrist) to have his heart and spirit elevated and lifted up above it selfe in that high degree, with Spirituall joy and comfort, divine and heavenly strength and supportation that mine is, for the Holy Ghott faith, they have no reft night nor day who wor hip the Beaft and his Image, and who loever receiweth the marke of his name; And I doe beleeve it to be true, as I am able to speake by my owne experience: For they may have some spizit of rest and peace, and sudden Flashes of joy and comfort, but when a storme or Tempest doth arise, they are so possessed, with base and cowardly feare and diffraction of spirit, that they are like men without. hearts, and are ready to runne into every hole, to hide their heads from the face of man, a poore worme, being ready to fay (when a tempest ariseth) with them in the 6. Rev. 16.17. Let the Mountaine and Rock fall on us, and hide us from the face of him that fitteth on the Turone, and from the wrath of the Lamb, for the great day of his wrath is come, and who shall be able to stand; When as on the contra-

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ry, the Righteous is as bold as a Lyon, though the wicked fly when none persueth, Prov. 28.1. & 18.10. The name of the Lord is a frong

Tower, the Righteous runneth unto it and are fafe.

And Pfal. 91, he that dwelleth in the secret place of the most high, shall abide under the shaddow of the Almighty, and he shall be safe from the seare of all danger, as the Holy Ghost there doth declare; So that we see the feare and terrour that possesseth the hearts and spirits of all those whose necks are either in part or in whole under the spirit tuall yoake and bondage of the Beaft; And also the rest and peace, and holy security that they are in that submitt alone to the Lord lesus Christ, for their spiritual! Lord and King; And are willing to follow him, wherfoever he goes, not loving their soules to the death, Rev. 12. but keepe close and hold fast the name and faith of Christ, even where Satan hath his Throne, Rev. 2.13. for he hath faid and promised unto his people that keepe close to him, because thou hast kept the word of my patience; I will also keepe thee from the hours of Temptation, which shall come upon all the World, to try them that dwell upon the Earth, Rev. 3. 10. And this have I found by experience, since the Lord in great mercy and rich loving kindnesse, by his strength and power inabled me to withdraw my foule totally and finally from the greatest spirituall yoake and bondage, that ever any mortall man greated under, namely the ipirituall yoake and bondage of the Beaft, or Roman State, unto which, who loever is hated of the Lord, and doth not belong unto him, doe submitt & yeeld, Rev. 9.4. and 12.7.9. & 12.8. But the Lord from all eternity hath loved me with his everlating love. hath delivered my foule from it, and let me at liberty, and in a large place, and hath given me reft and eafe, and hath put a long of prayer and thanksgiving into my mouth, unto the Lord of glory and the Lamb that fitts upon his Throne, who is bleffed for ever and ever, and my God hath filled my foule fo full of Heavenly matter, that had I but a current vent, I could ex tempore write an hundred Sheetes of paper to you, filled full of Heavenly expressions of the Lords goodnesse, faithfulnelle, loving kindnelle and Truth, for my foule is ravished with that fulnelle, sweetnesse, aimeablenesse, and beautifulnesse, that I finde in my God; Oh that my foule were altogether with him, that I might be fatisfyed with his fulnesse, and might solace my soule face to face, which I most confidently know I shall in his due time; But, Oh I say againe and againe, that were with him, for he hath crucifyed the World, and all things here below unto me, and hath enabled me to account and effeeme all things besides himselfe, as dung and durt, not being worthy of casting any affectionate eve upon them, Philip 3. 8 9. and he hath pitched my soule upon himselfe, as a naked and a fingle object, in whom alone the quintessence of delight, beautie, and fatisfaction is to be had, enjoyed, and possessed, and for my shackled

CONCUMON CORY | MIN BY ACAD MICHER WEEKS I am as merry, yea more chearefull, then ever I was in any condition in my life, and can sleepe as foundly in my Boots and Irons, as Perer did betweene the two Souldiers, when he was in prison, who when the Angell of the Lord came to him, to deliver him; He was faine to fraite him, before he awaked, A&s 12.6.7. And I doe fing Pfalmes, and Jam as merry as Paul and Sylas were, when they were in the Stocks, and in prison, who sung Psalmes and Prayles at midnight, fo that the Prisoners heard them, Adi 16.24.25. for the Lord hath to strengthened me with divine power and strength, for the Lord of Hofts is my confidence; And in the Lord lebeval there is everlatting strength: And there is no torments, that the greatest Tyrans in the W orld can inflict upon me, that can make me miserable, sad, or discontented, for I know all my torments make but way for a greater degree of glory, which I am confident one day I shall be possessour off, and I long with Paul to be dissolved and to be with Christ, not out of any trouble or burdensomenesse, that I finde or see in my present afflicted diffressed condition, (according to the selb) but to me it is sweete and joyfull in the Lord, and I know when the Lord hath fully tried me, and done his good pleasure with me, and by me, I shall come out of the Furnace purified and clenfed from my droffe filth and corruption, leb 23. for the Lord already in part hath refined me, but not with Silver, for he hath chosen me in the furnace of affliction. E[47.48.10.

This by way of Preface or Apology for my felfe; And now I come to

the matter.

And for my owne judgement, it beeing matter concerning the glory and prayle of my God, although I know it will be very unpleasing unto the Pallets of many, yea of my neare and deare freinds, from whom I have received expressions of love and kindnesse, whose loving affection, it may be, may be turned to a distast to my person, and my suffering, which if it bee, I shall patiently beare it , for the fincerity of my heart is knowne unto God, who is the searcher of the heart, and the tryer of the reines, Rev. 2.23. ler. 11.20. and 17.10. And I will call him to record, and to beare witnesse, that the glory of his great and holy name, is the fingle object of all my actions, undertakings, and proceedings ; And if I thall incurre hatred therefore from my freinds, I shall comfort my selfe with that which my saviour hath said, which is that he came nor to send peace on Earth, but a sword, for I am faith he) to fet a man at variance against his Father, and the daughter against her Mother, and the daughter in Law against her Mother in Law, Math. 10.34.35. Luke 12 49.51.53. and with that which Paul comforted himselfe with, if he could approve his heart to God, he did not care what man faid of him, for faith he, doe] feeke, to pleafe men,

for it J yet pleale men , I should not be the servant of Christ, Gal:

But now for my judgement, for my owne part, if I should never heare a Sermon while I live, yet I should never dare to heare one from any man, good or bad, that is made a Minister by the Prelates, or any of their Creatures, or by vertue of any of their muddy Antickristian Lawes, neither dare I have any spirituall communion with them; so long as they stand in their calling, in regard I am perswaded that he that heareth them sinneth, having no warrant out of the booke of God to doe ir, and by undenyable consequence I will prove ir, that whosoever heares them so long as they Officiat by vertue of their calling and power, which they have received from the Bishops, to preach, do brheare the Devill; for the Holy Chest saith, Rev. 13 4. the subjects of the Kingdome of the Beast worshipped the Dragon, (that is to say the Devill, which gave power unto the Beast, and they worshipped the Beast, saying, who is like to the Beast, who is able to warre with the Beast.

Now, let us not thinke that they did fall downe to the Devil himfelfe, and doe homage to him, face to face, for we never reade of any,
that did this, but the Holy Ghost doth here declare, that all those that
stoope or yeeld in the least to the Lawes of the Beast doth worthin &
ferve the Devill, from whom he hath received his power.

But all the Ministers doe stoope unto his Lawes, which none of them are able to deny, there of they are as really his fervants and subjects,

all the time they doe to as they can be.

And we have no ground out of the Scripture to judge better of

them;

As they are not the subjects and servants of Christ, that intyrely doe not stoope unto his Lawes and Scepter. For is he, or can be be said to be a subject to the King of England, that stoopes, submitts, & yeelds to the Lawes and Scepter of any other King, his greatest and professed tenemy upon the Earth.

No, without doubt; But they doe stoope to the Lawes of Antichrists Kingdome, who is the greatest and professedst enemy that ever lesus Christ had in the World, as I will be ready to prove to the faces of the

best of them in any publick disputation.

Therefore they are reall and truely his servants; for his servant

Now, lesus Christ saith to his Disciples, he that heares you, heareth,

me, and he that heareth me heareth him that fent me.

So on the contrary, he that heares the Ministers, heares the Prelates that made and sent them; And he that heares the Prelates, heares the Pope, that anthorised & gave them their authority; And he that heares the Pope, heares the Devill, that gave him his power; So that I say we can

can not partake with them in hearing, or in any administrations of Gods sacred things, but we must of necessity partake of their calling and institution, by vertue of which they officiat and administer; And that I prove from Pauls words in the first of the Cor. 10. 18. Are not they which ease of the Sacrifice partakers of the Altar; Even so I say, are not they which partake of their administration, partakers of their institution? Yea without doubt or question. Now, for their institution, it is not from God (as I will maintaine against them all) therefore we are not to heare them, nor in the least to partake with them or their administration.

And for your better satisfaction seriously reade and weigh the 10. of lobn: And to me it seemes so cleare and plaine, that I doe not doubt but that we are not to heare any Ministers but those that are made by vertue of the Lawes and power of Christ, which he hath left to his Church, in his last will and Testament, which Lawes are unalterable and unchangeable to the end of the World, Alls 1.3. I Tim. 6.13.

2 Tim. 13.14.15.17. Heb. 3.1.2. 6. Math. 28. 19.20.

But they are not made by vertue of the Lawes and power of Christ, but by the Lawes and Authority of Antichrist, and therefore we are not to heare them, for faith Christ, my Sheepe heare my voice, & I know them, and they follow me, and a stranger they will not follow, but will fly from him, for they know not the voice of strangers; Here you see Christ layes it downe, as a signe and a marke to know his Sheepe by, that they will not heare, nor give eare to false Shepheards.

But so are all the Ministers, for they come not in by the dore, but by a false power and Authority; namely, by the power of the man of

finne, Christs implacable enemy.

Therefore it is not Lawfull for any of Gods people, to heare them;
For when the Prelates by vertue of his power, bids them, and Authorize them to preach, they doe preach; And when they command them to hold their peace, they are filent, and let their flock runne at randome, when as a good and true Shepheard layeth downe his life for his Sheepheard.

Object. But many object and fay, it is true, that their calling as it comes from the Prelates, is unlawfull, but they have an inward cal-

ling, for they are fitted for the worke of the Ministerie.

Answ. To which Janswer and say, I reade of no inward calling, that any of those Officers had, that Christ or his Apostles did institute in the New Testament, for the Apostles had their calling from Christ, and the other Officers had their calling from the Churches, where they themselves were members, and over which, by the Lawes and power of Christ, they were made Officers.

But if the Ministers of Antichrist have an inward calling, I desire to see it proved by the Scripture; And as for their qualifications and fir-

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enell

nesse for the Ministrie. J deny, and lay, that they are not qualified according to the command of Christ, by Paul to Timothy & Titus; And I doe affirme and will maintaine it, that no man ought to be Elected for the worke of the Ministrie, unlesse he have all those qualifications that is by the Holy Gnost set downe in the I Tim. 3. and the first of Titus.

Now, there is none of them, yea the best among them, that hath the qualification for a Bilhop, a Paltor, or an Elder, which is all. One must not be a Novice, least being lifted up with pride, he fall into the condemnation of the Devill. Also he must hold fast the faithfull word as it harh been taught, that he may be able by found Doctrine, both to exhort and convince the gainelayers; But none of them have either of these, for they are so tarre from being able to convince gainesayers by found Doctrine, that they are but novices in many things, and either wilfully or ignorantly are blinde of the naked wayes of God, being darkned with the smoake which came out of the bottomlesse pitt, Rev. 8.2, and I will justify it to the faces of the best of them, that they are enemies to the Kingly Office of lefus Chrift, and the right government of his Church, both in practife and in judgement; and therefore are not fit (take them at the belt) to be Pastors over Christs Sheepes Neither can any of them lay as Paul did, Alls 20. That he was cleare of the blood of all men, in that he ceased not to declare unto them, the whole Counsell of God, which every faithfull Pastor ought to doe; but none of them have done it, nor are able, for as I faid before, they are ignorant of it, and are enemies to it, as they doe witnesse in their Pulpits, where they preach against the naked and pure wayes of God, and the Profesiours of it, but none of them dare to enter the lift of a Publick set dispute.

Object. I but say others they preach the Word of God, and that can-

therefore we may Lawfully heare it from them.

Answ. I answer, they preach the outside of the Word, it is true, but the marrow and pith of it, they meddle but little with, for the best of them are yet ignorant of the marrow, of many choice Truths of God, for their understandings are so overspred with the Foggie Mists of the darke and black Kingdome of Antichrist, that they want spirituall eyes to see it; And behold it untill the Lord in mercy if so he please to open their eyes; And what though they doe preach the Word, they have no authority from God so to doe, if they have, let them stand up and show it, and prove it; Not with human learning, but by the authority of the Scripture.

It is true, the Devill himselse preached Christ, and made a glorious consession of him, saying: I know that thou are lesin the Christ, the Son

of God, Mark 1.24.

This

This if it had come from one of Christs owne servants, it had been most acceptable, and well pleasing to him, but in regard it comes from the Devill, he will not owne it, but commands him to hold his peace.

It is very true, the Word of God is good and sweete, and a comfort to the soules of his servants, if it be preached by any that hath authority from Christ, we are bound to heare it; But the best of the Ministers have no authority or warrant from Christ to preach the Word, nor we to heare it from them, loke. 10.2.3 5. Hose 9.4. Pfel. 50.16.

But to the wicked faith God, What haft then to doe to declare my Sta-

sutes, or that thou f bouldeft take my Covenant in thy mouth.

Now, looke upon all of them to be such as God here speakes off, in regard of their institution and standing, being visible members of Antichrists Kingdome; I doe not, nor will not meddle with their persons, nor no mans else, but only with their sinfull and wicked station and standing; Which as I am a subject to Christs Kingdome, and a prisoner in bonds and setters of Iron, for his cause, I am bound in conscience for to doe it, sudg 5 23. Curse ye Meroz (saith the Angell of the Lord) yeacurse ye bitterly the inhabitants therein because they came met forth, to the helps of the Lord against the mighty. Yea the Spirit of God saith; That they are blessed and happy that takes Babels Bratts, and dash them against the stones, Psal. 137.89.

But they are all Sonnes and Children or Spiritual! Babell or Baby-

Ion, Rev. 11.8. and 14.8 and 18.2.

Now, by vertue of their being members of his Kingdome, we have no ground or warrant out of the Word of God, to heare them, for it is impossible to be a servant and a subject both to Christ and Antichrist; But they are subjects to Antichrists Kingdome; Therefore can-

not be laid truely to be subjects and servants to Christ.

For is not he properly a subject to the King of Spaine, that submits to his Lawes, and beares Office under him, by vertue of his authoritie; And can such men, while they doe so, be said and truely to be esteemed to be subjects to the King of England, unto whose Lawes they doe not submit; Without doubt they cannot. Even so can the Ministers or Preists (for so is their institution) who submit unto the Lawes of Antichrist, and beare Office under him, and execute their Office by vertue of his power and Authoritie, and therefore are his Servants and Subjects, and cannot truely be said to be the Servants and Subjects of Christ, unto whose Lawes they doe not submit.

Therefore we are not to heare them, or to have any thing to doe with them, Rev. 18.4. 2 Cor. 6.17.

Againe, Mount Sion, that is to fay, the Church of God is the place which God hath chosen, and nath promised his presence and blesting, Pfal. 132 13 14. 15. and 88: 17. 2 Cor. 6. 16. Now, I would know. where any of his people hath any warrant to feeke his prefence and bleffing any where but where he hath promised it : But he never promiled it in the vilible Assemblies of Antichrists Kingdome; Therefore we have no ground or warrant to feeke it there, or come there at all; Much more concerning this I have and am able to fay, but I am above measure straightned, for want of a fitting opportunitie; And there ore for your further farilfaction, repaire to the perufall of a little thing; called a declaration, where the people of God are to feeke his pre-'Sence and bleffing, only in Mount Sion, the Citty and Church of God, Plat.46 4. and 48. 1.2.8. Elay 60. 14. and 62. 11.12 and not in the Affemblies of Autichrit, being Cages of uncleane Birds, Rev. 18 2. B 4.12.21.22.

Againe, I fee no ground or warrant, that any of Gods people have. to have any spiritual communion with them, in regard God hath commanded his people, at all times, very strictly, that hey shall have no communion with Idolaters, nor their Idols, as the whole Booke of

God doth declare; and I defire you to read the feventh of Deut : and there you shall see Gods strict command to that end. But the Minifters all of them are Idolaters, yea Idols themselves; Therefore we must have no communion with them. Now, that they are Idolaters, is as cleare as the Sun, that thines at moone-day, And that they are Idols, I am able to prove it to their faces, For an Idoll is nothing else according to the Scripture but a Creature or Creatures let a part, or inftituted to working God with or by, which he himselfe never ordained: for that end and purpole; But such are all the Prelates Ministers, for they were never of his ordaining or inflituting, but of his greatest ene-

mies, the Pillars of Antichrifts Kingdome, by vertue of whose power. they officiate, Therefore they are Idols, whom all Gods people, that are faithfull Souldiers and leige Subjects, oughe to be a meanes, and a

helpe, to roote up and pull downe.

Now, this definition of an Idoll is not only according to the Scripe. ture, but is given by the foundest Nonconformists themselves, as you may read in their Bookes, where they have strongly proved the Surplice, and the Crosse in Baptisme, and kneeling in the Act o receiving the Communion; And the rett of the Prelates inftirmed facred Ceremonies, as they call them, faying in their Reasons before the Common-prayer, for the retaining of some Ceremonies, and the abolishing of others, that they are apt to ftirr up the dull minde of man, to the remembrance of lone du y to God, by some speciall signification,

whereby he might be eli yed.

Now, if you reade the Scots Dispute, which was printed at Leyden, in Holland, the last Summer, you shall there find strong reasons, to prove the Ceremonies Idols; and his maine Argument is, because they are

not of Gods infliction, but of finfull mans ordaining.

Also that No le and worthy Doctor (whom I so much honour and respect) Dictor Bastwicks in his Booke, called The Vanity and Impirity of the old Lessany, doth prove it to be an Idoll, yea and calls it a dampable soule-mur hering Idoll; And that upon the same ground, because it is not of Gods as of mans institution, without any ground or war ant from God; and there ore is an Idoll, and is to be detested as an abominable Idoll. Now, what they say of the Ceremonies, and of the Service, the same I say of the Prelates, and all the Ministers that are made by them and save their calling from the Bishops, they are Creatures let a part to worthip God with or by but were never of his instituting, or by vertue of the greatest enemy that ever session, and by vertue of the power of the greatest enemy that ever session, and by vertue of the power of the greatest enemy that ever session Christiand, or his Kingdome ever had on Earth, namely Antichnist, or the Kingdome of the Bealt, Res. 93.7.10.11. and 13.6.7.16.17: and 12.6.7.16.17:

And therefore they are Idols, whom so long as they stand in their places and callings under the spiritual! Antichristian authority, which they all submit to and subject themselves to, I shall not dare to have any spiritual communion with them, either in publicke or private, for what fellowship hath righteousnesse with unrighteousnesse; Or what communion hath light with darknesse; And what Concord hath Christ with Beliall? Or what part hath the that believeth with an Insidell? Or what agreement hath the Temple of God with Idols? Surely, none at all. Wherefore come you out from among them, and be you separate, saith the Lord, and rouch no uncleane thing; and I will receive you, and will be a Father unto you; and you shall be my Sonnes and Daughters, saith the Lord Almighty, 2 Cor. 6.14, to the end. Esay.

62: EL Mr. 51. 67 Rev. 18.4.5

Belides this, though Jam, and doe respect them as men; being the Creatures of God, and does everence them as they are privy Counfellours, and Head members of the State; though it be not sutable in the least to their false pretended spiritual calling. But as they are Bishops and Officers in the Kingdome of the Beatt, my knee and submission and reverence. Shall by the strength of my God, be as little to them, as Mordecay was to proud Haman, who was King Abashueros. Cheife Favorne, being above all the Princes that were with him, Hest. 311. Yet Mordecay would not so much as bow to him, or doe him any reverence, verse she 32 though it does procure me as much wrath from the, as it did Mordecay from Haman of whom the Holy Gost saith he was full of wrath, seeing Mordecay would not reverence him, Verse, 5.60

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Neither will I ever give baile to them, or part with any money, either to them or any of their Creatures, for any thing whatfoever, unleffe it be meerely for Temporall and Earthly things, in regard I doe beleeve it is the duty of all Gods people, who delire to glorify him in their lives and convertations, and to thine as fo many burning Lamps in the midft of a peruerle and crooked generation, as they ought and should doe; Neither to bow finger, knee, or hatt unto any of them, or to doethem any reverence, as they are Bithops and Cheife Pillars in the Kingdome of Antichrift, for by vertue of their calling and Office, they are the deadly and implacable enemies of God, and are fo many pernicious and damnable Idols (by which God is exceedingly dishonoured) set up by the Devill in he Kingdome of the Beatt, Rev. 9 3. and 13.2.4. and 16.13.14. And I can prove ir, that it was as Lawfull for the 3 Children, to worthip or bow to Nebuchadnezars

Idoll, as for Gods people to bow and doe homage to them.

And for my owne part, if they require of me any luch, my answer Shall be to them, as the 3 Children was to the King Dan 3.16.17.18. Be it knowne to you Bishops and Doctors, I feare you not; or the God whom I ferve and feare, is able to deliver me out of your hands; and from your Tyrannifing crueltie; But if he doe not, be it knowne unto you, Oh ye Prelates, that I will not ferve you, nor worthip you, nor yeeld nor submit in any spiritual things unto you; And it I were at liberty, I would professe those Truths of God surely without seare, which he himselfe hath made knowne unto me; And if I were at any time taken by any of their Officers, I would not goe to prison with them, unlesse they carried me by force; Yet if it were the meanest Officer in the Kingdome that tooke me, that were made an Officer by vertue of the Kings Authority and power, I would submit unto him, and goe with him, whether he would have me, for I know the Kings Authority is from God; And if I should discbey it, I should difobey God, and finne against God, and breake his Command, Rom. 12. And therefore I will obey him, his Lawes, and all those that beare his Authority, in all things they command or enjoyee me; without any the least relitance at all, heartily from my heart, either actively or palfively; for if they command me any thing that is not contrary to the Word of God, I will obey them actively; But if they command me any thing that is dishonourable to God or his Truth, I dare not in the least obey them actively, but fay with the Apostle, whether it be fitt to obey God or Men, judge ye, for we ought to obey God rather then Men, Ads 5.29. Yet I will submit my body to them, and suffer cheerfully, without any grudging any thing they thall inflict upon me, for I doe hold it unlawfull for any of Gods people, in their greatest Oppression by the Majestrate, to rebell or to take up any Temporal armes against them, whether the Oppression be in Spirituall or Temporall things, A

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but only to pray and make use of Gods two edged Sword, Heb.4.12. Rev. 19.15. and waite upon with patience for redresse and deliverance, and to seeke unto him for strength, that they may willingly and couragiously suffer any Terrours or Torments that they will insict upon them, for standing close to God, and his naked Truth and cause.

But to the Kingdome of the Beaft, these members of which the Prelates are, will I never stoope by the might of the Lord of Hosts, nor have any ipiritual communion with them, for the Lord hath exprefly commanded me and all his people to have nothing to doe with Idols , nor with Idolaters, I Cor. 10. 14. I lohn 5.21. Exed. 23.32. Deut 7.1.2.3.4.5. and 12.3. Now, they are the greatest Idolaters that euer werein the world, and the most pernitious Idols, that are upon the Earth. Rev : 9.20. & cap:17. for they have a golden Cup put in their hands, it is full of abomination & filthines, & with it they dazle the eyes of the world, & make it to comit close & hidde fornication, & Idolatrie, which is the greatest and most dangerous Idolatrie that is, for they couer their wickednesse and deceiveablenesse over with the Name of the Lamb, but for all that doe the deeds of the Dragon. Rev. 13.11. John 8.44. But if they professed Idolatry openly to the eyes of the World, the people would detelt them, but they doe it closely and covertly, and therefore are not so easily discerned, but deceive very many, Math. 24. 5. And therefore the Bealts Kingdome is called, as it is indeed, the Misterie of iniquitie, 2 The 2.7.

Now, I will maintaine it, that the Kingdome of the Beaft is the greatest Idol that ever was in the World, and the greatest plague that ever God sent into the World, as the Revelation of Saint lobn doth declare, and as appeares by the expressions of the Spirit of God, in the 8. Chapter, where we may read, that when the 4. First Angels had founded their Trumpets, mighty and horrible plagues then followed them, worle and more great were to come after, as appeares by the Vehement expressions and calling out of the Holy Ghost, with a loud voice. Verse the last; Saying, Woe, Woo, Woe to the inhabitants of the Earth (reitterating 3 times together) by reason of the other voices of she Trumpet of the three Angels which are yet to found. For why the hith Angell in the first Verse of the next Chapter sounded, then followed a mighty & horrible plague to all the inhabitants of the world; The like whereof was never heard off before, and that is the imoake that came out of the bottomlesse pitt, which was that horrible darkenesse, and spirituall blindnesse and sortish ignorance that seazed upon the World, dureing the time of the Beafts Kingdome, which was fo great, that the visible face of a Church of Christ could not be found upon the Earth, for the heavens departed as a scroll together, Rev.6.14.

And out of this smoake or darknesse came the Locusts the beasts officers or Clergy, which are a multitude in number, there being in the Kingdome of Antichrist at this day above an hundred several Officers; Whereas in the Kingdome of Christ there is but 3. Namely, Pastor, Teacher, Elder, Deacon, and Widdow, Rom. 12.7.1. Ephof. 4.11. Phil. 1.1. I Tim. 3.1.2. and 5. Titus 1.5.7.

Againe, the Spirit of God pronounceth another wee to the inhabitants of the Earth and of the Sea, for the Devill is rurned downe unto you, having great wrath, because he knoweth that he hath but a short time, the like expression we read not of in the whole Booke of God, nor that there were any such plagues since the beginning of the World: As those were which came along with the Kingdome of the Roman Beaft, as the Stories of all ages, fince his beginning, is able to witnesse and prove, for men worshipped the Devill, and committed luch horrible wickednelle, for which God fent such mighty plagues upon them, as the like before was never heard off before in the world. as the whole Booke of the Revelation doth witnesse; Therefore of all Idols that ever were in the World, Gods people have most cause of all to detelt, abhorre, and abominate the Idolaters and the Idols in the Kingdom of he Beaft, & who to ever the Lord loves he will deliver fro them, Rev. 20.4. Bur those that are his enemies, and hared of him. fhall continue in subjection to it. Rev 9.4 and 12.8 and 14.9.10.11.

and 19.20.Pre. 2.18.19. and 5.5. and 7.27. and 9.18.

Now, the time of the raigne and durance of the Kingdome of the Bealt, in the II. Rev. 2. is faid to be 42 moneths, and in the 12. Rev. 14. it is called a time times and halfe a time, which is three yeares and a halfe; And in the first Verse of this Chapter, it is rearmed to be 1260 dayes, which is just 42 moneths, reckoning go dayes to every moneth, and it makes also three yeares and a halfe, accounting 12 Moneths to every yeare; and this is the time of the Raigne of the Beaft, or the durance of Antichrifts Kingdome; Which if we reckon each day for a yeare, as the Lord himselfe in Scripture doth, as we may read when the Spies that went from the Tents of I raell, at the Lords command, to learch the Land of Canaan, which they were a doing 40 dayes, And at their returne they gave out an evill report of it, which made the people to finne and revell against God, and not to give credit to his word, Oath and promife, which was to bring them into the Land of Canaan, to give it to them, notwithstanding the greatnesse and potency of the Heathen, for the Lord himsel'e had promised to cast them out, but because they believed him not, but rebelled against him, searing the strength and power of the Heathen, the Lord would make them to wander in the barren and defart Wildernelle 40 yeares. For faith he after the number of the dayes, in which ye fearched the Land even 40 dayes, each day for a yeare, shall you beare your iniquities,

even 40 years, and you shall know my breach of promise, Numb. 14. 34. Ezek: 4.5.6. where God faith thus to the Prophet : I have laid upon thee the yeares of iniquity, according to the number of the dayes, three hundred and ninety dayes, so shalt thou beare the iniquity of the House of Israel; and when thou hast accomplished them, lye againe on thy right fide, and thou thalt beare the iniquity of the house of Iudah 40 dayes, I have appointed each day for a yeare. So that if we expound the 1260, by these 2 places of scripture, reckning as God him felf doth each day for a yeare; which I verily believe is the right meaning of the Holy Ghoft; We shall finde that the Beafts Kingdome shall endure from the beginning to the end 1260, yeares; For I see no ground that these places should be expounded litterally for three yeares and a halfe, and no more, for it is impossible that Antichrist should doe all these strange things, in so short a time, that is said, he he shall doe & fulfill, therefore without doubt it must be expounded each day for a yeare, for the man of finne was a working in the Apostles time, but the Emperour who letted him, kept him out of his leate till he was taken away, 2 Thef. 2.7. Now, during the time of Antichrift, the Holy Cittie, or the true Church of God, is to be troden under foote, Rev. 11.2. and to be in a fad and afflicted condition, and to be persecuted by the beast, and the members of his state & Kingdome all that time, Rev. 13.7.15. and Chapt. 12. though now and then the should have some breathing and refreshing times; And when Antichrifts Kingdome growes to an end, (which bleffed be God doth hasten apace,) the Foggie Mists of darkenesse, blindnesse and ignorance, which is the smoake that the Holy Ghost saith, came out of the bottomlesse pitt; Rev. 9. shall in some measure be dispeld, and the Beames of Truth and spirituall light, shall breake and shine out, as is plaine in the 10.14, and 16. Chapters; for then the Booke of Life the Holy Scripture is opened, which in former ages lay altogether hid, and in a manner shutt up in obscurity & darknesse, as appeares plainly out of the 11. Chapt. Therefore let us not wonder, nor think it strange that the eyes of spiritual understanding, (which is to know, see & imbrace the naked Truths of God,) is opened of so few of the great and famous men, in the eye of the World, but continue still enemies to the bare & naked Truths of God, for the Kingdome of the Beaft is not yet destroyed, & the smoake of the bottomlesse pitt hath so darkened the Sunne & the aire, that the spirituall eyes of few mens understandings, are openedto lee & take notice of the intyre Truths of God; yet notwithstanding let us take heede, that we be not offended & stumble to our destruction; Luke 20, 17.18. 1 Pet. 2. 8. at the naked wayes and cleare and pure Truth of Christ, because they are but few and meane in the estimation of the World, that doth in brace them and professe them, for the Church of Smirna, though shee were but poore and meane in the eye of the World, yet shee

was rich in Gods account, because she kept close to his naked wayes and Truths, Rev. 2.9. whereas on the contrary proud and haughty Laodicea, who was full of outward riches and treasures; And wanted nothing that might make her glister & shine in the eyes of the world, yet not withstanding is odious in the sight of God, because she was luke warme and neither hot nor cold, for he threatens to spew her out of his mouth; doe you your selie make the application; Likewise let us take notice of that thanksgiving which Christ gives to his Father: I thanke thee oh Father, Lord of Heaven and Earth, because thou hast hidd these things from the wise and prudent, and hast revealed them to

Babes, even so Father, for so it seemed good in thy sight, Mathits.

25: 26.

The naked purity and Truth of the Gospell of Christ, is too homely a thing, for the great learned Doctors of the world, to imbrace, stoope and submitt unto; for Christ hath said, that the professor of it shall be hated of all men, yea of their parents, kindred, and Freinds, Luke 21. 16.17. Marke 13.12. and are accounted as Sheepe to the flaughter, all the day, I Cor. 4. whose condition is to be afficted and persecuted here by the men of the world, lohn 15.18.19, and 16.2.3.33. Heb. 12.4.6.7.8. for there must and will be to the end of the World enmiry betweene the feede of the woman and the feede of the Serpent. Gen. 3.15. and therefore false Teachers and seducers, though they come in the name of Christ, and preach part of his Gospell Math. 7. 5, and 24.5. yet they are enemies to Christ, the purity of his Truth and people, though they make a flowrishing show in the flesh, yet because they love not the Crosse of Christ, which alwaies goes alonge, and is inseperable from the zealous and strict profession of him and his Truth, Prov. 3.11.12. Heb. 11. Rev. 3.19. nor will they part with their ease pleasure and fatt morsels, Esay 65.10,11,12, nor suffer persecution with the people of God, for the Truth of God, as Moles did, Heb:11:25. Therefore they will neither imbrace the purity of the Truth, nor willingly let thole that would, Gal: 6:12. Yet for all that though they will not, yet all those that delire to approve their hearts and spirits unto God, and to glorifie him both in their lives & deaths, must not for take his Truth, for feare of perfecution, or losing of their kindred, or Freinds, Gal:5:11: Math:10:33: Marke 8:34:38: Luke 14: 26: for here Christ himselfe saith, that he that loveth Father or Mother, or his owne life, or any thing else more then him, thall never possesse nor enjoy him, neither here nor hereafter; For he saith : He that denies him or his Truth before men, him will he denie before his Father which is in Heaven. Therefore in regard the Gospell of Christ, in the strict profession of it, is so meane, contemptible and burdeniome a thing in the blinde and darke eyes of the World, and lyes under the reproach and ignominy of the men thereof, the great

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Rabbies doe stumble at it, and doe not imbrace it, 1 Cor: 1:19:20: for it is written faith God, I will destroy the wisdome of the wife, and wil bring to nought the vuderstandings of the prudent, where is the wife. where is the scribe, where is the disputer of this world: hath not God made foolish the wisdome of this world Isa:29.14. & 33,18. Oba: verse 8. Therefore in regard the great Doctors of the world doe not imbrace the ways of God: the multitude stumble at them, likewise, being ready to fay with them Io: 7, have any of the Rulers or of the Pharifes beleeved on him, but this people who knoweth not the law & are accursed. Even so say men in these daies, of the naked truths and waies of God: do any of the Rulers or Nobles, or do the great & learned Doctors & famous Divines: imbrace and practicethese strict and rugged waies, but Onely a companie of Brownists, who are the base and obscure fellowes of the world, and a companie of foolish singuler people, contemning and censuring all besides themselues, as though none should be laved but they onely .

To you: Oh yee spirituall blind people, whose understandings are darkned with the smoake of the bottomlesse pitt, and whose braines are intoxicated and drunke with the glittering and gilded Cup of spirituall fornication & abhomination, of the scarlet whore Reuel 17.

To you] answere, and know you that the way to heaven is narrow and straite, and Christs fold and flocke, but a small & little company in comparison of the world, Math: 7.14. Luke 13.24. Also know that God hath not called many wife men after the flesh, nor many mighty, nor many noble, but God hath chosen the foolish things of this world, to confound the wife, and God hath chosen the weake things of this World, to confound the things that are mighty; and the base things of the World, and things which are despiled, hath God cholen, yea and things which are not, to bring to haught things that are: And he himselfe gives the reason of it, that no flesh should glory in his presence, I Cor. 1.26.27.28.29. And lames tells us, that God hath chosen the poore of this World, rich in faith, and heires of the King. dome, which he hath promised to them that love him, James 2 .

And what though the Rabbies and great Doctors be learned, yet it is but Earthly and humane learning, which Paul had before his conversion, for he was a Pharise brought up at the seete of Gamaliel, a great learned Doctor of the Law had in repuration among all the people: Ads 5.34, and 22.3. But yet when he came to the true spirituall knowledge of true spirituall learning indeed, which is taught to all Christs Schollers, lesse or more, that are brought up in his Schoole, he renounced his humane Schollership, and accounted it no better then

dung or dirt, Phil: 2.5.7 8.

But besides him, we read of none of the Apostles, that were learned in that learning, which the blinde world accounts learning and Schol-

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lership, for they were all or most of them poore men, brought up in obscure and base callings many of them being no better then poore Fishermen; yet when Christ called them, he indued them with spirituall learning, which is the true learning indeed; Alls 2. 1. &c. And those in the new Testament, that are commended for their learning, it was because they were filled with the gifts of the Spirit, and were mighty in the Scriptures, sohn 7.38.39. Alls 18.24. I Cor. 12.3.7.8.10. and 14.

By all which places of Scripture we see, that the learning which a made the Apostles famous, was not human learning, (for none of them had it but Paul, and he renounced it,) but it was heavenly learning, which came from God, being the gift of his Holy Spirit. And for all the rest of those which they ordained (by the power and Authority which they had from Christ) to officiat in the Churches, and to administer the sacred and holy things of God, to his chosen and sanctifyed ones, (for none but them have true right to Christs ordinances,) it was spirituall knowledge, divine learning, and insight into the Scripture, which are the gifts of the spirit of God, as is before proved; which made them fitt for those Offices, that they were chosen to by the Church, and ordained by the Apostles, for they were not to be Novices in the Mysteries and wayes of God, but found in the Faith, and also of a holy and Godly life and conversation, which the Apostle calls a good report, and to have the rest of those qualifications, which he layes downe in 1 Tim. 3. and 5. Chapters, and Titus 1. And who soever have not these qualifications, are not fitt (according to the Apostles command there) to beare Office in the true Church, which is the Spirituall Sion, Citty, & House of God; Psal. 87.2.3. and 132.13.16. Ejay.3 1.20.21. and 52.1. Heb. 12.22. Rev. 20.9, and 12.2.

Now, that Heavenly learning, and gifts of the spirit, which the Lord under the time of the Gospell, doth bestow upon his chosen and holy ones, doth sulfill the Prophesies of the Prophets in old time, who Prophesied of the same things, Esay. 44 3.4, and 54.13; Ier. 31; loel 2.28; saying. And it shall come to passe afterward, that I will poure out my spirit upon all slesh, and your sonnes and your daughters shall prophesie, your old men shall dreame dreames, and your young men shall see visions, and also upon the hand-maide in those dayes will I poure out

my spirit.

Oh! the simplicity, sweetenesse and pleasantnesse of the wayes of God, if we had but inlightened spirituall understandings, to see, behold and looke into them, which if we had, they would ravish our soules, rejoyce our spirits, and fill our hearts full of gladnesse; But they are sealed and will be hid from us, till the Lord in his rich mercy & loving kindnesse, be pleased to anount our eyes with spiritual Eye-salve, and take away these Foggie Mists of darknesse & scales of ignorance that hang

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hang upon our understandings; I Cor. 2. Oh! that the Lord would bepleased to deale so gratiously with us, that we might be sooles & Idiors emptie & vile in our own eyes, that fo we might nakedly lye at the footfoole of Ielus Christ, and seeke for wiledome & spirituall understanding, from him, & him alone, according as it is our duty & the the command of wisedome; Prov. 1.4.8, and 9. Chapters. But alas, alas, we have haughty hearts & proud spirits of our owne, and seeke to be something in ourselves, and doe not labour to be weaned from all things, in our felves, as is our duty, for we should nakedly goe out of our selves; and this we shall know to be true if ever the Lord come truely and throughly to instruct and reach us in his spirituall, heavenly wisedome; It is the greife of my soule, to see people take such paines, for that which will not profitt; And to lay out their filver for that which is not worth the buying; Elay. 55.2. Beeing very zealous in professing the feeming way of God, and yet are full of ignorance & blindnesse, in the true wayes of God, wanting that true spirituall sanctifyed knowledge, and cleare infight into the Scripture, which is taught by the spirit of God, that being true of them, which is said in Esay. 59. That they grope for the weall like blinde men; yea and grope as if they had no eyes, stumbling at noone-day, as in the night, being in desolate places, as dead men, not knowing that a deceived heart hath turned them aside; being not able to say, that there is a lye in their right hand, as the Prophet in another place speakes: But unto all such in the words of the spirit of God, I say, behold all you that kindle a fire, that compasse your selves about with sparkes, walke in the light of your fire, and in the sparkes that you have kindled; But saith God, this shall you have of my hands; Ye shall lye downe in forrow, Esay: 50.10.

Because that it is a shame even in the eyes of the World, for a man to be of no Religion; Therfore people take upon them the outward forme of Religion, but are destitute of the inward power of godlinesse, going on in a formall way of Religion, with muddy, earthie, and unfanctified affections, but doe not strive, studdy & labour, as they ought to get inward principles, & true grounds in their owne foules, that fo they may be built upon that fure & unmooveable foundation, that never can be inaken; But build upon sand, hay and stubble; as the Apoltle speakes; And therfore that building will come to ruine, when stormes & Tempests doth arise, as too true experience, hath, doth & will manifest & declare, for when men are not foundly fetled in the true way's they can or possible have that true inward peace, which God hath promiled to his faithfull ones; But their spirits & hearts are full of feares & distractions, in time of danger and calamity, I appeale even to the hearts and spirits, even of people themselves that are not as yet. convinced and settled in the right and true wayes of God,

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Sure I am, I am able to speake it by my selfe; and doe speake it in the presence of my God, who knowes my heart, and trieth my reines, Rev: 2.23. that I have found it true, by former experience; for the Spirit of God saith, there is no peace to the wicked, Esay: 48.22, and 57.

21. Now, while a man is out of the true wayes of God, and is in the by-wayes of sinne and wickednesse, he cannot truely according to the revealed will of God, be tearmed any otherwise, then a wicked man; Though notwithstanding his soule may be pretious to God; But we are not to judge according to the secret will, but only to judge according to the revealed will of God, for secret and hidden things belong to God, but revealed things to us and to our children, as Moses saith.

But all those that are members of the Kingdome of Antichrist, (as all that submit to the Prelates and their Lawes are) are out of the true wayes and pathes of God, and are in the bye and crooked way of sin and wickednesse; And therefore we have no grounded warrant out of the Scripture, the revealed will of God, to judge or esteeme of them any otherwise but as wicked men, who in that estate cannot be possessed fours of that true and setled peace and spirituall comfort and joy, that

God doth bestow vpon his faith fevants.

Now as for the proofe of this argument, tis every branch & part of it proved in the foregoing discourse; but on the contrary I can truelie speake it, that my soule had never before, that true rest, quietnesse, and sweete inward spirituall peace: that I have been and am still posfellour of, fince my God gaue me strength, might & power, to shake of that Antichristian yoake, and all communion with his lawes & subjects. And my foule is filled to full of true rest and peace, that all my torments and lufferings, and the greatnesse and potency of my adverfaries, the chiefe of which is the Divell the prince of this world, (working in and by his sonne the Prelate of Canterbury) doth not in the least terrifie or trouble mee, but I am merry and cheerefull in the midst of the veriety of my sufferings, for the Lord makes me to triumph over them all, and I know and beleeve: that if all the Divels in hell, and all his Limbs upon the earth: do bend themselves against me to overthrow me, yet they shall never make me sadd, for the Lord bath given me a cheerfull and merry heart, which who loever hath, Salomon faith, bath a continuall Feast, Prov: 15.15, nor make me feare or be affrayde of them, for God is my salvation, I will trust add not be affrayde of them, for God is my falvation, the Lord Iebovah is my strength, and my long, he also is become my salvation, Esay. 12 12. And though the youths doe fainte and be weary, and the younge men utterly faile, yet they that waite upon the Lord, shall renew their strength, they shall mount up with wings as eagles, they shall runne and not be weary, and they shall walke & not be faint, Efay. 40, 30.31. For the Lord is a ttrength

frength to the poore, a strength to the needy in his distresse, a resuge from the storme, a shadow from the heate, when the blast of the terrible one is as a storme against the Wall, Esay. 25.4. and the spirit of God saith: that he will keep him in perfect peace whose minde is staied on him, therefore in the Lord will I trust for ever. For in the Lord sehovah is everlasting strength Esa: 26.3.4. and the Lord saith, he keeps his Church and will water it every moment least any hurt it, yea I will keep it night and day saith he. Now I am a true member of it, and therefore haue right and share of the benisit of this promise, and assuredly knowe that the Lord will so keep me (though I be in the midst of the sire) that mine enemies shall not prevaile nor hurt mee, & though all men for sake me, yet hee will take care of me and provide for me: the young lions shall want & suffer hunger, but they that lone

and feare the Lord, shall want no good thing.

But my loving friend, am I become your enemy (because in publicke) I have spoken the truth, let not your anger and displeasure be further incensed against me, when you have read this that is here write ten; I hope you would not have me, who have begun in the spirit, to be made perfect in the flesh; Oh God forbid that ever I thould so much as enteraine the least thought of that, and therefore know that this is my fetled resolution, which the Lord hath wrought in my heart. And for this I will spend and be spent, and be puld in ten thousand peices: before I will in the least deny my God, and his naked truth, or the least title of that which he himself by his holy spirit hath made known vnto me I Cor: 2.10.71.14. And further knowe that all my kindred according to the flesh, hath deferted and forlaken me, in my prefent condition. But if all my friends (yea and Christian Brethren also) in the the world, should be offended with me, for sticking close to my good cause, and if they thould all forsake me and leave me naked to the world, yea though I starue & rott in Prison, (as I know I shall not) for as long as there was a peice of bread in the bakers threet, leremiab wanted not in his diffresses, and I know Ieremiahs God is my God, & wildo the like for me as he did for him, if need require. But if I should be like to starue in Prison, yet wil I never in the least, by the strengh & might of my God, feare my enemies, or loue my friends: so much as to deny the least of his truths, for their threatnings or cruelty, or for their faunings, flattering, and deceiveable perswasions, for I know if my friends do leaue me and forfake me : yet the Lord will stand by mee. support, and vphold me, in the midst of the greatest of my tryalls, diffrestes and afflictions, and in due time deliver me from the mouth of the Lyon, for he did thus with Paul, when he was to answer before Nero, for his life and Doctrine, at which time all for fooke him, yet the Lord stood by him and delivered bim, 2 Tim. 4 16. 17.18. And I know he will doe to for me too, for he hath filled my foule to full of his it: ength

thrength, to strengthen me in my greatest tryalls; and of his presence & comfort, to comfort me in my present afflictions, that I know I can live by faith in every condition, whether in hunger or nakednesse in want scarcity, in prison or in dungeon, or exile or in banishment. And in my present afflicted and chained condition, I have and do possesse all that my soule can desire: for I have God & Christ & his holy spirit, and have rest, true peace and ease, and though I be in bonds & fetrered with Irons, lockes and chaines, yet I am at liberty, for my heart & spirit is mightily inlarged, also I have full satisfaction, contentednes, yea the world & all, I Cor: 3.22.23. & for my outward condition, I have not a troubled thougt about it, for it doth not in the least molest me; for I can truly with Withers, in the beginning of his Motto; say:

Nec babeo, Nec careo, Nec curo.

I neither haue, nor want, nor care for.

When I have the least, then I have a feast; and I having that, I know God will cotinue it, and for my owne part, I neither long for, nor earnestly desire more dainties & varieties then there is at a feast, and I feast every day; and therefore have no want of good things, yea did but my enemies truely know in how rich and plentifull a condition I am in, they would bite off their fingers ends, for to heare of my prosperous and happie estate, in the midst of their cruelties, for I have found and got such richessince I came to Prison, that I thinke the like is not to be got abroad in the world. And of all conditions vnder heaven, in my judgement (a prison and an afflicted condition, for the truth and cause of Christ, and the testimonie of a good conscience) is the most happie and rich condition: for then Gods holy ones grow in Igrace and Godlinesse, like tall Ceadars in Libanon, and get great & Parge experience of Gods goodnesse, faithfulnesse and kindnesse, as I am able to speake it, by grounded experience. And though my Adversaries are learned in the Phariseicall, Philosical, deceiuable learning of the world Act: 5.34. & 22.3. compared with Phill: 3.5.8. Coll: 2. and have studdied and beat their braines, in their Vninersities and elle where, for many yeares together, yet in one fixe moneths, in a Prilon and fettered condition: I have got more true spiritual learning and and knowledge, in the mifteries of Godlinesse, then is amongst them all; therefore when they fent me to Prison, they did more for me, then if they had given me ten thouland pounds, for they have lent me to aheaven upon earth: for so I have found it. And so farr I am from being overcome, by their vnheard of cruelty (to submitt and make a bale recantation, as they would have me) which they have & do still exercise vpon me, in a high degree, that I am ten times stronger then I was at the first, and the next act of cruelty that they shall inflict upon me, will make me twenty times as ftrong as I am, and the next act of cruelty after that, will make mee as vnmouable as Mount Sion; which

cannot be moved, but abideth for ever Pfal:125.1. Pro:10.30. And as the hatred & dispeasur of my friends (which is the greater tryall of the two) which I have incurred from them by reason of my judgment and Conscience, I will carrie my selfe by the help & assistance of my God, like an innocent & harmelesse lamb of Christ; yet will I never in the least, either for their love or displeasure, forsake or renounce the least Truth, that the Lord in great mercy hath manifested and made known unto me, fince I came to prilon. For before I was not only a Novice. but a very Idiot in the right wayes of God, having muddy affections. but wanted inward principles, having fiery zeale, but it was without grounded spirituall knowledge; But now the Lord hath made knowne to me, by his spirit, the way wherein to serve and worship him; And he hath made me by his power and strength as unmoveable as an Iron Pillar, or a Brazen Wall; And if they doe not in matters of Religion returne unto me, I shall I hope fullfill that command of God given unto leremy in the 15. Chapt: 19. that I shall not in the least returne unto any of them, though I be ever accounted by them as an allien and stranger to them.

Againe I desire to lett you know, that upon the pillary I challenged all the Bithopps in England to dispute with them, upon this proposition, to prove the Popes power and authority from the Devill, and that their power, authority, and jurisdiction and calling, in which they stand at this day, is from the Pope, and so originally from the Devill as well

as his.

But these Episcopall Rabbies, who are Cheife members of the Kingdome of Darknesse, had no other Argument to convince me with, then to put a Gagg in my mouth, least I should have shaken the' foundation of their Antichriftian Kingdome, publickly at the Pillary, and leaft the people (forfooth) should be infected with my speeches, which in their account and estimation, are no better then scandalous, factious, and feditious; when as indeed they were the words of nothing but the naked Truths of God, and did not in the least meddle with the persons of any, or with any temporall state matters, with which I have nothing to doe and fay unto; And therefore they could neither be factious, nor leditious, unlesse the Booke of God be faction and sedition, which were blasphemy once to thinke; But indeed with the Prelates every thing that is faid or written against their spirituall Babilonian wicked Kingdome, is counted faction and sedition; for indeed they have no other arguments, to maintaine their tottering and languishing Kingdome, but Clubb Law, that is to fay, tyranny, bloodthirstinesse and cruelty; But take that Argument and Weapon away, and then a Child will disarme them, and beare them, and take away their Weapons from them; And then to ruine and destruction will their decaying Kingdome come, and also the Weapons that Jexhorted and perswaded the people of God, to draw out against the Prelates, those Spirituals Adversaries of the Kingdome of the Lord lesses. Christ; was not any temporals sword or Weapon, but only the two edged sword of Gods Word, spoken off Hebrews 4 12. And they are more described in the sixth of the Ephes. Also the next day after my sufferings, by Mr. Ingram the Warden of the Fleete, I sent this Challeng in particular to the Bithop of Canterbury, and earnestly intreated him, to deliver it to himselse, that I would dispute with him before all the Nobles and Peeres of this Kingdome; And if I were not able to prove that his calling and power is from the Devill, I would be willing to lose my head. But I pray you, take notice of his great learned Arguments, which he used to consute me, and defend himselse; which were these:

Let him be lockt up close prisoner, in the basest place in the Wards of the Fleete; for so runne the words of the Order; and let none come at him, least he should infect any of the people with his errours, and so be a meanesto bring ruine and destruction upon his spiritual King-dome.

Oh! Scholasticall Arguments indeed; Alas! poore man, are your eyes so lore, that they cannot endure to looke upon the Sunne, or your back lo gawled, that you cannot endure to be touched; it feemes they are, or elle you would never have been affrayde to have met a youngeman in the open feild, to have tryed out the goodnesse of your cause, who defires no other Weapons against you but the Bible, the Word of Life, and infallible judge of all Controversies, and the Liberty of my Tongue, to speake freely without any gagging; And yet you are affrayde, and dare not meete me in a publicke dispute; As poore, weake and feeble men, let me speake in the words of the spirit of God unto you, ler: 12. if you have runne with Foote-men, and they wearied you, then how can you contend with Horses; And if in the Land of peace, wherein you trust, they have wearied you, how will you then doe in the swellings of Jordan; That is to say, if you be affrayde of me a younge beginner in the waves of God; Or if you dare not venture in the Land of peace, where you have the Temporall power and sword at command, to incounter with me a stripling, that never studied Phi-Josophy, Logick, Rhetorick, nor euer was ar any University, to learne any Lattin, Greeke, or Hebrew. How will you doe in the swelling of Iordan, when your temporall power shall be taken away from you, and strange men of great parts fall upon you, and make open spirituall warre against you. Surely, you will never be able to stand, for already your Pillars that hold up your Kingdome, are growne so rotten, that they cannot endure to be roughly handled or touched; And therefore without doubt ere long your building must needs fall, and therefore boke to your heads, and take notice, that I have given you warning

of it, least you repent when it is to late.

Againe, upon Thursday, the 17. or 18.01 May last, I was had before Sir lebn Bancks, and Mr. Littleton, the Kings Attourney and Soliciter Generall, to be examined what I said at the Pillory, before
whom I expressed my minde so freely, that they were willing and desirous that I should hold my peace, and laboured with me by slessly

Arguments, as Peter did with Christ, to save my selfe.

But before them I made this challenge, and defired them to tell it to the Bilhops, that I would dispute with them all before my Dread Soveraigne, (whose faithfull, loyall, and humble subject I am) to prove their calling so farre from being of God, (as they affirme it is) that it is from the Devill, And if I were not able to prove it, (or if I delivered any thing in the proofe of it, that deserved death,) I would not refuse to dye, or if I held any errours, if they could by the Authority of the Scripture, confute me, I would publickly recant them. But their Argumers & replicatio to this my challeng, was: Lay him fast in Iro chains, Armes, and Leggs, coupled together: And let him lye in them night! and day; And let neither gold nor money, nor bookes, nor writings, nor any other thing be brought unto him, from his freinds; And let none come to him, to speake with him; And if any come to alke for bim, take notice of their name and place of habitation, that so we may overcome him with crueltie and Tyrannie, and make him lubmir, for if we doe it not by these meanes, he will hardly be brought unto it; And therefore Warden of the Fleete looke to it, have a specialicare of him, that none come to have any talke with him, or give him any thing, that so we may by Tyrannie, Crueltie and Torments, overcome him, for he leads away a multitude of people, and causes them to follow him; And he is of such a lofty high spirit, that if he goe on in the way, he will spoyle our tottering Kingdome; And therefore put to your best assistance, to see if by any meanes you can overcome him, to get him to submir. This was the effect of their speech.

Oh! Brave Episcopall Arguments indeed. But J pray you, did ever Christ or his Apostles, or any of his Servants, use any such Arguments, to overcome or convince those that were opposite to them in judgement? No verily; for in the whole New Testament, we doe not read that any of Christs servants, for spirituall things, used any such Weapons, or Clubb Arguments as these; for they used nothing but spirituall Weapons, to overcome ther enemies; And with the sharpe two edged sword of Gods Word; Heb. 4. 12. Rev: 19.15; they sought against their Adversaries, by this and by this alone, they did overcome them; And Peter with this one Weapon did strike downe three thousand of them at a blow, and made them yeeld subjection to the Kingdome of Christ; Als 2. And we never reade of any temporall Weapon that they made use of to desend themselves against their Opposites;

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For, saith Paul, the Weapons of our warfar are not carnall, but mighty through God, to the pulling downe of strong holds, and casting downe imaginations; and every high thing that exalteth it selfe against the know-ledge of God, & bringing into captivity every thought into the obedience

of Christ; 2 Cor. 10.4.5.

These be the Weapons, and these alone of the servants of God; But on the contrary, the servants of the Devill, their Weapons are Tyrannie, crueltie, and shedding of blood, Rev. 9, and 11.7.8 and 13. 7.15.16.17. where the Holy Ghost saith, that the Beast (the cheife members of whom the Prelates are) should make warre with the Saints, & should overcome them; & cause them as many as would not worthip the Image of the Beaft, should be killed; and that none might buy or fell, fave he that had the marke of the Beaft, or the number of his name; And whether the Prelates doe not in every thing make good this portion of Scripture (for I know some that are excommunicated by them, and that they must neither buy nor fell, nor eate nor drinke with any man)ler their constant cruel unheard of blood-thirstie practiles, declare, witnesse & manifest, and therfore, Oh you Prelats, you doe plainly thew whose sonnes & servants you are; namely, the sonnes & servants of the Devill himselfe, as Christ himself doth prove & declare who hath given a lively & true description of the childred & servants of the Devill, faying unto the Iewes, who fought to kill him, (as the the Prelats doe his faithfull people & servants,) who boasted that they were Abrahams sonnes & Children; But, saith he, if you were the Children of Abraham, you would do the workes of Abraham, but yee are of your father the Dinell, and the lusts of your father yee will doe. Hee was a murtherer from the beginning & abode not in the truth, because there is no truth in him, when he speaketh a lie he speaketh of his owne, for he is a lyar and the father of it; Iohn 8.29.40.

Here (Oh you Prelates) Christ doth show how his people & servants may assuredly know you to be sons & servants of the devill; for he describes & sets you forth by two markes; first, the Devill is a murderer, so are you; ther fore you are his sonns, & he is your father, for have you not taken away the lives of Gods saithfull people & servants. Witnesse those that went to Tiburne by your procurment & meanes, in Queene Elizabeths time, who were neither Traitours nor Rebels, but faithfull subjects, & servants to her Majestie; but only they were opposit to your Antichristian & Babilonian Kingdo me, and therfore you caused the m to be murdred; and more you would have murdred, but her clemencie & mercy was such, that she would not to the full satisfy your blood-thirstie murdering desire. Also have you not kept others in prison, till you have undone them in their outward estats, & means, that you have made them to pine away with hunger & want; which the Holy Ghost saith, is a torment worse then to be put to death by the sword; Lament.

4 9. And

And some have lost their lives by your meanes in prison; And also have not ye, even ye, shed the blood of those three worthies of the Lord only for spirituall things, who were neither Traitours nor Rebels, (but faithfuller subjects then your selvs, as they have proved in their crossebill against you) and did write nor teach, neither treason, sedition, nor rebellion, but only opposed themselves against your ungodly wicked Kingdome; The memory of that unpareleld act of crueltie, is yet fresh both in your eyes & eares, the like whereof in any Christian state, where the gospel hath been professed, was never heard of in the world; I know others have had too deepe a hand in, being your assistants, and have condescended too much to your wicked delires; But with them I will not, nor doe not in the least meddle, nor have nothing to say to them, but pray, and defire God to open their eyes, and to give them true repetance for their sin, if it be his will & pleasure, & so I leave the.

But you & you only have been the originall fountaine & true cause of all the righteous blood that hath been shed in this land or Kingdom, for matters of Religion & conscience, ever since the dayes of your first predecessour, Austin the Monke, (even unto this present houre,) who came from the bloody Citty of Rome, Rev. 17. with Antichrists Authoritie & Law, the foundation of his & your Kingdome. with exceeding much blood, as we reade in Francis Godwins Cattalogue of Bishops, from the 37. page to the 48. And it hath beene by you & your forestathers maintained & upheld by Tyrannie & blood, ever since to this very time, as I will justifie it & maintaine it before your faces, age

after age, even unto this very day.

And the foresaid Author in that Booke, who was a Bishop, & one of your owne Creatures, for his booke of Meeters doth in part prove it; and therefore know assuredly, that the Lord will require the righteous blood of all his Saints & servants at your hands, which you & your

murdering Predecessours, have spilt in abundant manner.

And to me that am but a poore, weake & young stripling, little above 20. yeares of age, who you have cast into prison, for a thing I was not guiltie off, as I declared before the faces of the Cheif of you; & yet you have condemned me upon two salse oaths, in which the partie, as I am able to prove, hath sworne slatly against himselfe; for in his sirst Oath he sweareth, that I & Mr. Wharton had printed Dostor Bastwicks Bookes together; and then in his second Oath he swore, that I did them alone; And upon these grounds you have exercised upon me such unheard of acts of crueltie, that the like wherof Paul himselfe among all those tyrants & strange Beasts, Heathens & Pagans, with whom he had to deale, had never exercised & inslicted upon him, though he was the greatest sufferer, 2 Cor. 11. that ever I read off; but only Christ, who for the sake & the salvation of his elect, underwent the wrath of Godhimselfe, which no abstracted Creature was able to stand under.

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But first, in all Pauls sufferings, I never reade that ever his mouth was gaggd, but you have gaggd me, for speaking neither lyes, section, nor sedition, but only the naked Truth; (the space of an houre & halfe) whereas if I had uttered any errours, or untruths, you being (as you say you are) spirituall Fathers, you ought there publickly to have confuted me, in the presence of the people, you cannot say but you heard of it, for two of the Cheise of you were in the Starr-Chamber at that time, being hard by where I stoode.

Againe, the Heathens and Pagans would not condemne Paul, as you may reade Als 25. till his accusers were brought face to face, to justifie & prove their accusation; but you have caused me to be condemned, and my accusers were never brought face to face, to justifie

any thing against me.

And you William Laud, Prelate of Canterburie, for so I call you, and will not in the least revile your person, by calling you out of your name; You, I say, know very well, that in the making of my defence before the honourable Lords, I to your face did silence you in the presence of the open Court, that you had not one word to fay unto me, but sate downe as it seemed to me, in a great chaffe & rage, your face being as redd as the face of him, whose countenance did declare, your heart thirsted after my blood, and part of it you have gott, but you are never the better for it, nor I nothing the worse for leaving of it, but much the better ; for it hath beene a meanes the Lord working with it, to purge my foule from a great deale of corruption; & droffe, hath mightily cleared up my understanding, that I have gott a more true infight by many degrees, into the true wayes of God then I had before; for I was very ignorant of them before, the stripes purged out my ignorance; for the eys of my understanding were like the eyes of the man in the Gospell, who when Christ had opened them, did see men walking as trees afarre off; even so, and no better did I, for I saw the truths of God but darkely & afarre off, in a hidden manner; but fince that the Lord hath taken away the scales of ignorance & blindnesse that did bang upon my understanding, and hath annointed my eyes with true & spirituall eye-salve, so that I see very much clearer into the pure waies of God, then I did before, for they were hidd from my eyes, but now the Lord himselse hath revealed them unto me; but know ye that the Lord will one day in saming and burning fire (if you repent not, but I thinke some of you are past it, Matth: 12.31. 32. Mark: 3.29.) render you a recompence, for your blood-thirstie Tyrannie, inflicted upon me, his poore, younge and weake servant; But unto him I committ my selse and my cause, knowing that vengeance is his, and he will repay it one day upon your heads and pates. Againe,

Againe, Paul when he was a prisoner in the Custody of the very Pagans, that had nothing but the light of nature, to guide them in the wayes of God; yet notwithstanding Felix the Governour gave command to the Centurion, who kept Paul, that he might have liberty, and that he should forbid none of his acquaintance and Freinds to come to him, and minister to his wants and necessity; Ad 24.23. also when he was going to Rome, prisoner, Julius the Centurion in whose Custody he was, yet though he were but a Heathen, gave him liberty to goe to his freinds, to refresh himselfe; Ads 27 3. Yea when he was come prisoner to Rome, yet the very infidels had so much humanity, courtefy and mercy in them, as not to lock up Paul close priloner, in a bale & obscure place, so that none might come to him, to speake with him, or bring him anything; And yet Tertullus the Orator (one of the Prelates Brethren, had accused him for a pestilent fellow, and a mover of sedition among all the lewes throughout the World, and a ring leader of the Sect of the Nazarens; Yet they let him dwell by himselfe, with a souldier that kept him, two whole yeares, in his owne hired house, where he had libertie to receive all that came unto him,

Acts the last Chapter.

Oh! Paul, it was well for thee, and happie wast thou that thou hadst to deale with Pagans, in whose eyes I am sure thou didst finde more fayour and mercy, then if thou wast alive, and wert now in England in the like case, shouldst finde at the hands of those that are Christians, in name and boaft; And say of themselves, that they are thy successors, but are indeed & in truth, the Disciples of the Devill & Antichrist, as I have already proved, for though all the Prelates in England were not able, having no grounded case to make such an accusation against me as Tertullus did against Paul; Yet for all that have they caused me to be laid in fetters and locks of Iron, in a close roome lockt up close prisoner, from the society of any; Commanding that none should be admitted to com to me, to fpeak with me, nor to bring me any thing; Also they are so farre from letting me to have libertie to goe and see my freinds, as Paul had; That they will not so much as with a Keeper fuffer me to walke a little in the prison-Yatd, to take a little aire for my refreshing; my health being impaired for want of aire, and stirring. my selfe, which I cannot in the least doe, without much trouble, by reason of my Irons; And I have beene lockt up close prisoner about 4 Moneths, and not suffered in the least to stirr out of my lodging; but when they had me forth before the Majestrate; Yea the Warden of the Fleete hath denied me penn, inke and paper, only to write a short petition to the Lords of the Counsell, (in the presence of my Keeper) that I might have but so much libertie as to take a little aire in the narrow Yard, in the common Jayle, for my refrelhing.

Oh! all you Christian eares that heare of these things, stand amaized and wonder at the blood thirsty, vnparaleld crueltie and tyranny of the Bulhops, which they have caused to be inflicted upon me, and had no grounded cause originally for to do it, but onely hearing that I set my face towards Sion, as one of the Lambes of Christ: therefore thefe devouring wolves Math. 7.15. & craftie subtile foxes Cant. 2.15. Ezek. 13 4. haue hunted and thirtted after my blood, part of which they haue gott and yet are not fatisfied, but longe to pick my carkeiles & bones. Now we do not read of the like cruelty inflicted upon any of the Apollies or their followers, in all the New Testament, by any of thole (Tirants, Pagans, Infidels & Heathens) that persecuted them, which they have caused to be inflicted upon me; whom they are not able justile to accuse, of the breach of the least Commandement or lawes, of God or the King; though I do contesse with David, that I have secret sinnes Psalme 19.20. and with Paul that I have a body of finne within me Rom. 7.23.24. Yet I can say in the presence of my God, and speake the words of truth, that I do defire and labour to be cleanfed from them all.

Also I have challenged them to dispute with them for my life, before the King, to prove their Calling to be from the Divell, and it I were erronious, & if they by Gods word could confute me, I would

recaunt publickly.

But their surest pley and infallible Arguments to convince me, was Clubb-Law, that is to say, take him Iaylour, and lay him in Irons, in the obscurest and basest place in your prison, and let the stone Walls and iron grates convince him, for we dare not meete him in the plaine seild, in a publick dispute, though he be but an unlearned youth; And if it be possible, keepe him in darknesse and obscuritie; And if you can doe it handsomely, that the World can take no notice of it, starve him, for we command you to let nothing be brought unto him.

Oh! you Satyrs, Vultars, Owles, and Scritch-Owles, for so the Holy Ghost calls you, Esay: 13. two last verses. Esay: 34.14.15. Rev: 18.2. The Roman spiritual State, being that Cage of silthinesse, that holds you, who are, as the Holy Ghost there speakes, a Company of Dra-

gons, Devils, and foule Spirits.

Oh! you Night-Owles and Birds of Darknesse, and uncleanes, that dare not come to show your crooked faces in the bright Sun-shining light and cleare Crystall glasse of Gods sacred and unspotted Truth; It sheweth & demonstrateth to all the World, that you are a Company of deformed Creatures, and Sonnes of Darknesse, impiety, wickednesse & ungodlinesse; Or else you would lay aside your Cowardly Clubb-Arguments, and come into the face of the open Sunne, that there you may be seene, whether you be rotten or sound, or whether you be true gold or nothing but durt & drosse, which is good for nothing

nothing but the dunghill, or whether your Kingdome be the Kingdome of Christ, or the Kingdome of the Divell, for of necessity it mult be one of these, for there is no more spirituall Kingdomes in the world but these two. Or whether you your selves be servants of Christ, or the lervants and true subjects of the Divell. But your hating of the truth and blaspheaming of it, calling it the Refuge of Heritickes, as you did in your open Court, at the Centure of that worthy Doctour, Doctour lohn Bastwicke. And also your hating and bloody persecuting of them that love it, dorn vndenyably declare and manifest what you are, and of whom your Kingdom doth depend. For Christ faith every one that doth evill hates the light, neither cometh to the light, leaft his deedes thould be reproved lobn 3.20. Truely you plainelie shew, that you are men of darknesse, and workers of wickednes and iniquitie, for you cannot endure the light, for it is too cleare & too bright for you, to come nakedlie and openlie and shew your selves before it; because you are men of darknesse and evill doers, and therefore you hate the light; but if you were men that were workers of righteouinesse, and walked in the waies of truth, you would not be affraide to be tried by the light of it, but would defire to be brought vnto it. And in the former place Christ faith, he that doth truth cometh to the light, that his deeds may be made manifelt, that they are wrought in God; and therefore to conclude this point, I will fay no more then Christ faith, you may know the tree by the fruit, for a bad tree doth not bring forth good fruit, nor a good tree corpupt fruit Math 7.18 Luke 6.43. But to goe backe againe to lohn 8. In the second place, Christ laich, The Direll abode not in the truth, because there is no truth in him, when be speaketh a ly he speakth it of his owne . for he is a lyar and the father of is. Here Christ shewes that the Children of the Divell abide not in the truth, but have their foules filled with lyes. And whether you the Prelates be not fuch, I appeale even to your owne writings, fayings & doeings, the most of whose writings are stuffed with many vntruths, having almost as many lies in them as pages. And for the vntruths delivered in your Court Sermons, Worthy Doctour Bastwicke in the third part of his Letany, hath painted out in there colours, yea what damnable Doctrines are there taught (faving some few) agreeing with the Filthy Whore & Strumpet of Rome, as that forenamed Doctour doth proue in the second part of his Letany, with which he doth most truely paralel you, that you are in a manner both of one corruption, yea among all the rest he there proues; that you hold and maintaine that monftrous and horrable Doctrine of Transubstantiation, that is to say: That the Body of Christ, is reallie, corperallie, and essentiallie in the Sacrament of his Supper. And this also may be proved out of the great Prelats speech, made before the honorable Lords, at the Censure of the three late worthies. Yea whole Vollumes may be made, of

of those damnable Doctrins that you hold, & are not ashamd to publish them to the view of the whole world (Cum Privilegio) especially in your late printed Bookes. By all which you proue & make good this pottion of Scripture; that you are of your father the Divell, because you do not abide in the truth, but speake, preach, write and maintaine false lies, wicked and damnable Doctrines.

Thus have I by the stregth of my God, a little deciphered you in a brief way. But it may be, you will be like a nest of Wasps, which being ftirred will flie about my eares, with your Scorpion stings, but if you do. it will manifest you to be part of those Locusts (as you are indeede and in truth that came out of the bettomlesse pitt Revel. 9.2.3. of whom the Hoy Ghost saith; that they had tailes like Scorpions, and there were stings in there tailes, and they had power to burt men verse 10. But be it known vnto you, that I am not in the least afraid of you, for I nei ther feare an Axe at Tower hill, nor a Stake in Smithfield, nor a-Halter at Tyburne, nor Whipping at a Carts-arfe, nor a Pillary in the Pallice-yard nor Gagging, nor Cutting of eares and nofe, nor Burning in the forehead or cheeks, nor yet Banishment with John to Pathmos. For I verilie beleeve if you should send me thither, I shall there finde Christ, which by his spirit will vnfold the Revelation vnto me, and then I would write it and fend it abroad into the world, and it would vex you as ill, as Sampson did the Philiftims, & proue as fatall to your decaying, tottering, spiritual Babilonian Antichristian Kingdome, as his Foxes with fire-brands at their tailes, were to the Philistims Corne. And therefore as you love your almost ruinated Kingdome, looke to it, and knowe that the faster you kicke, the harder I will spurre you, & the more you fling, the closer will I sticke & cleave fast vnto you; for you are plants (which I groundedly know) the Lord never planted, & therfore vndoubtedly he will plucke you up Mat. 19.13. And therefore by the might, power and strength of my God, Pfal 118. 14. Efa. 12.2. who is the worker of all my works in mee and for mee; Efa. 26.12. For I am resolved come life, come death, seeing you by force & crueltie have called me to it, to shewe my selfe valiant for the truth of God, Ier 9.3.

I alreadie made three Challenges to dispute with you, but you are so Cowardie, that you dere not to come into the plaine and open sield, but you sight with tyrant-like weapons, namelie: with crueltie. And therefore to see whether you have any manhoode in you or noe, I make & send forth this sourch Challenge, to you Bishops & Prelates, which is this.

That I will (if you please) dispute with you all, face to face, before the King and State, for life and libertie; vpon these ensuring Propositions.

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Firk, To prove that the Popes Power is from the Divell.

Secondly, That your Calling, Power, Authoritie & Iurisdiction, is from the Pope.

Thirdly, That all Gods people, are bound under paine of eternall damnation, to withdraw their spirituall obedience and subjection, from your spiritual law and Kingdome.

Now vnpon these propositions will I dispute with you all, and venter

life for life, before the King and State, vpon these tearmes.

First, That you shall lay aside Club-Arguments, which is stake him Iaylour, and lay him in Irons, and locke him up close Prisoner, and keep him in safe custodie.

Secondly, That the Booke of God, which is an infallible truth,

Thall be the fole Judge of the Controverfie

Thirdly, That I may have libertie, without being Gagged, to

speake my minde freelie and boldlie.

Fourthly, That I may have the vie of some books which I shall chuse. And if you dare grat me these 4 things, if I be not able to prove all the fore said Positions, by demonstrable and undeniable arguments, that you shall not be able in the words of truth to gainsay or deny the I wil be willing to lose my head and life, therefore take notice of what I have now the fourth time said and challenged you to your saces, (for I intend to send you this) that in the presence of the King and Nobles you will make it good, and therefore if you be not Cowards, sitt your-selves to come into the open pitched field sace to sace.

Also be it knowne vnto you, that I will at Pauls Croffe, dispute

With all your Priests and Deacons, vpon these Propositions.

First, That they are all of them, Servants & Ministers of Antichrist. Secondly, That in the place and standing they are now in, at this present, they have no authority from God to preach his word, nor administer any of his sacred ordinances to the peole, nor the people any ground or warrant out of the word of God, to heare the word from, or pertake with them.

Thirdly, That the Church of England as at this day it stands, is Antichristian, both in Power, in Matter, in Ministrie, in Forme and

in Woshirpps.

Fourthly, That all Gods people are bound in duty & conscience.

to separate away from it, & to have no communion with it.

All which things, if I be not able to proue against them all, laying aside (as I said before) all Club law, and letting the word of God be the sole Iudge of the controversie; I will be bound to preach a Recanting Sermon in every Citty in the Kingdome.

JOHN LILBURNE.

FINIS.